Unit 0 HW #6

- 1. Use any method to find the points of intersection of $f(x) = 2x^2 3x + 4$ and $g(x) = x^2 + 5x 3$. <u>Help</u>
- 2. Solve each equation for *x*. <u>*Help*</u>
 - a. -2(x+4) = 35 (7-4x)b. $\frac{x-4}{7} = \frac{8-3x}{5}$
- 3. Make a complete graph of the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x} 2$, label its x- and y-intercepts, and describe its domain and range. <u>Help</u>
- 4. What value of *y* allows you to find the *x*-intercept? For each of the equations below, find where its graph intersects the *x*-axis. Write each answer as an ordered pair. <u>Help</u>

a.
$$y = 3x + 6$$
c. $y = (x - 5)^2$ b. $y = 2x^2 - 4$ d. $y = x^3 - 13$

5. Solve each equation below for the indicated variable. <u>*Help*</u>

a.
$$y = mx + b$$
 for x b. $A = \pi r^2$ for r c. $V = LHW$ for W